Standards: NGSS HS.Engineering Design standards and ABET standards

DC Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering BSU: Alignment Table

DC Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering BSU: Course Map

Unit 1: What is Electrical and Computer Engineering?

Unit 2: Learning the Basics

Unit 3: Becoming an Engineer

Unit 4: Circuit Analysis Basics

Unit 5: Success as an Engineer

Unit 6: Digital Logic

Unit 7: What is a Computer?

Unit 8: What's Next?

DC Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering BSU: Alignment Table

| | Unit 1 | Unit 2 | Unit 3 | Unit 4 | Unit 5 | Unit 6 | Unit 7 | Unit 8 |
|------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| HS-ETS1-1. | | | х | | | | | x |
| HS-ETS1-2. | | | | | | x | | x |
| HS-ETS1-3. | | | x | | | | | x |
| HS-ETS1-4. | | | | | | x | | x |
| ABET-1 | | х | х | х | х | x | х | х |
| ABET-2 | | | х | | х | | | х |
| ABET-3 | х | | х | | х | х | | х |
| ABET-4 | | | х | | | | | |
| ABET-5 | | | | | | х | | х |
| ABET-6 | | х | | х | х | х | х | х |

| ABET-7 | х | х | х | х | | х |
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DC Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering BSU: Course Map Unit 1: What is Electrical and Computer Engineering?

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives |
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| ABET ABET-3 an ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences. ABET-7 an ability to acquire and apply new knowledge as needed, using appropriate learning strategies. | discuss the history and foundations of electrical engineering and computer science. explain the different specialties in electrical engineering, computer engineering, and computer science. discuss your own personal interests and career goals. |
| Lesson 1: Introduction to Electrical and Computer Engineering | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. describe the people and things important to engineering and computer science. o correlation: ABET-3, ABET-7 2. reflect on what important technology is most critical in your life. o correlation: ABET-3, ABET-7 | Assessments Objective 1: U1D1: People and Things of Engineering and Computer ScienceAnd You Objective 2: U1D1: People and Things of Engineering and Computer ScienceAnd You |
| Lesson 2: What Do Engineers Do? | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. distinguish the specialty areas in electrical engineering (EE), computer engineering (CE), and computer science (CS). o correlation: ABET-7 2. explain what electrical engineering (EE), computer engineering (CE), and computer science (CS) graduates can do. o correlation: ABET-7 | Assessments Objective 1: U1A1: Where Could I Work? Objective 2: U1A1: Where Could I Work? |

| Lesson 3: Charting Your Path | |
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| Lesson Objectives 1. discuss your career values. o correlation: ABET-7 2. identify your "favorite" area of specialization. o correlation: ABET-7 3. assess your values in relation to selecting preferred specializations. o correlation: ABET-7 | Assessments Objective 1: U1A2: My Perfect Job Objective 2: U1A2: My Perfect Job Objective 3: U1A2: My Perfect Job |

Unit 2: Learning the Basics

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives | |
|---|---|--|
| ABET ABET-1 an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics. ABET-6 an ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions. ABET-7 an ability to acquire and apply new knowledge as needed, using appropriate learning strategies. | identify basic electrical and electronic components, including the parts of an Arduino board. construct a simple Arduino project. explain the requirements for a Bachelor of Science (BS) degree in electrical engineering (EE), computer engineering (CE), or computer science (CS) at BSU and other Idaho universities. | |
| Lesson 1: Electronic Devices and Their Connection | | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. identify basic electrical and electronic components. o correlation: ABET-1 2. describe how electricity flows in a circuit using the water analogy and basic terminology. o correlation: ABET-1 | Assessments Objective 1: U2L1: Electronic Devices and Their Connection–Drawing the Circuit interactive Objective 2: U2A1: Electronic Devices and Their Connections Quiz | |
| Lesson 2: First Arduino Project | | |
| Lesson Objectives | Assessments | |

| complete the Arduino setup process for your device. correlation: ABET-6 demonstrate the first LED blinking light and modify the code slightly to change behavior. correlation: ABET-6 | Objective 1: U2A2: Arduino Setup Objective 2: U2A2: Arduino Setup |
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| Lesson 3: Building a Simple Circuit | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. construct a simple Arduino project on the breadboard and show it behaves correctly. o correlation: ABET-6 | Assessments • Objective 1: U2D1: Circuit Building Reflections |
| Lesson 4: EE, CE, and CS in College | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. compare and contrast the requirements for electrical engineering (EE), computer engineering (CE), and computer science (CS) degrees at Idaho universities. o correlation: ABET-7 | Assessments Objective 1: U2D2: Comparing Program Requirements |

Unit 3: Becoming an Engineer

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives |
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| Next Generation Science Standards HS-ETS1-1 Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for solutions. HS-ETS1-3 Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs. ABET ABET-1 an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics. ABET-2 an ability to apply engineering design to produce solutions that meet specified needs with consideration of public | identify major issues in ethics that might be experienced as an engineer. describe ways to improve your current study habits and explain some of the theory behind how we learn. complete a more advanced Arduino UNO R3 project and report your experience. |

| health, safety, and welfare, as well as global, cultural, social, environmental, and economic factors. ABET-3 an ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences. ABET-4 an ability to recognize ethical and professional responsibilities in engineering situations and make informed judgments, which must consider the impact of engineering solutions in global, economic, environmental, and societal contexts. ABET-7 an ability to acquire and apply new knowledge as needed, using appropriate learning strategies. | |
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| Lesson 1: Ethics in Engineering | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. describe the differences and similarities between ethics and morals. o correlation: HS-ETS1-1, ABET-4 2. identify issues of ethics that are critical for professional engineers and computer scientists. o correlation: HS-ETS1-1, ABET-3, ABET-4 3. apply personal or professional ethics to example cases. o correlation: HS-ETS1-3, ABET-3, ABET-4 | Assessments Objective 1: U3L1: Ethics in Engineering–What Are Ethics? interactive Objective 2: U3D1: An Ethical Dilemma Example Objective 3: U3D1: An Ethical Dilemma Example |
| Lesson 2: Having a Growth Mindset | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. identify strategies to help you be successful in college. o correlation: ABET-7 2. describe the research into the science of learning. o correlation: ABET-7 | Assessments |
| Lesson 3: Effective Study Habits | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. identify strategies to help you be successful in college. o correlation: ABET-7 2. describe the research into the science of learning. | Assessments Objective 1: U3A1: Growth Mindset and Study Habits Notes Objective 2: U3A1: Growth Mindset and Study Habits |

| o correlation: ABET-7 | Notes |
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| Lesson 4: Intermediate Arduino Project | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. explain the role of sensors in Arduino projects. o correlation: ABET-1 2. complete an Arduino project that uses an LCD display as an output device. o correlation: ABET-2 | Assessments Objective 1: U3A2: Thermometer Project Reflection Objective 2: U3A2: Thermometer Project Reflection |

Unit 4: Circuit Analysis Basics

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives | |
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| ABET ABET-1 an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics. ABET-6 an ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions. | identify various circuit topologies. analyze series and parallel resistor networks. analyze electronic circuits using simple measurement equipment. | |
| Lesson 1: Circuit Topologies | | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. differentiate between series and parallel elements in a circuit. o correlation: ABET-1 2. calculate the effective resistance of networks of resistors. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U4L1: Circuit Topologies–Knowledge Check: Series and Parallel Resistor interactive Objective 2: U4A1: Ohm's Law and Equivalent Resistance | |
| Lesson 2: Drawing Circuits in Tinkercad | | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. create a simple circuit using Tinkercad. | Assessments Objective 1: U4A2: RGB LED Circuit Drawing | |

| correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 draw a circuit with more components in Tinkercad. correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 | Objective 2: U4A2: RGB LED Circuit Drawing |
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| Lesson 3: Test and Measurement in Tinkercad | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. measure current and voltage in a circuit. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 2. describe what a diode is and how it behaves in a circuit. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U4A3: Tinkercad Drawing Analysis Objective 2: U4A3: Tinkercad Drawing Analysis |

Unit 5: Success as an Engineer

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives |
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| ABET-1 an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics. ABET-2 an ability to apply engineering design to produce solutions that meet specified needs with consideration of public health, safety, and welfare, as well as global, cultural, social, environmental, and economic factors. ABET-3 an ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences. ABET-6 an ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions. ABET-7 an ability to acquire and apply new knowledge as needed, using appropriate learning strategies. | identify opportunities for experiential learning during college. discuss how experiential learning could be part of your college plan. draw simple circuit schematics from an English-language description of the circuit. measure more complex circuit behavior. |
| Lesson 1: Experiential Learning | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. describe the various opportunities available to learn more about an engineering career while you are in | Assessments Objective 1: U5D1: My Future Career Priorities Poster Objective 2: U5D1: My Future Career Priorities Poster |

| college. o correlation: ABET-3, ABET-7 2. identify resources from the State of Idaho to help you going forward. o correlation: ABET-3, ABET-7 | |
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| Lesson 2: Drawing Schematics | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. draw schematics using a schematic capture tool. o correlation: ABET-1 2. apply circuit analysis to schematics. o correlation: ABET-1 | Assessments Objective 1: U5A1: LED Schematic and Circuit Objective 2: U5A1: LED Schematic and Circuit |
| Lesson 3: Tinkercad Project | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. create a Tinkercad design for testing. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-2, ABET-6 2. measure current in a circuit for a combination of voltage and resistor values. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-2, ABET-6 3. write in order to report on your experiment. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-2, ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U5A2: LED Circuit Project Lab Data Objective 2: U5A2: LED Circuit Project Lab Data Objective 3: U5A2: LED Circuit Project Lab Data |

Unit 6: Digital Logic

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives |
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| Next Generation Science Standards HS-ETS1-2 Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, manageable problems. HS-ETS1-4 Use a computer simulation to model the impact of proposed solutions to a complex real-world problem with numerous criteria and constraints on interactions within and between systems relevant to the problem. | convert between binary, decimal, and hexadecimal number systems. describe simple logic gates including schematic representation, truth tables, and functionality. simplify logic expressions using Boolean algebra. |

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| ABET ABET-1 an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics. ABET-3 an ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences. ABET-5 an ability to function effectively on a team whose members together provide leadership, create a collaborative and inclusive environment, establish goals, plan tasks, and meet objectives. ABET-6 an ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions. | |
| Lesson 1: Logic Gates | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. convert between binary, decimal, and hexadecimal number systems. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 2. describe the fundamental operations of digital logic gates. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U6A1: Binary Conversions Objective 2: U6A2: Logic Gate Truth Tables |
| Lesson 2: How Are Logic Gates Made? | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. create truth tables to describe the function of logic gates. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 2. create more complex functions from basic gates. o correlation: ABET-1, ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U6A2: Logic Gate Truth Tables Objective 2: U6A2: Logic Gate Truth Tables |
| Lesson 3: Boolean Algebra | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. identify the rules of Boolean algebra. o correlation: HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, ABET-3, ABET-5, ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U6D1: Logic Gate Challenge Objective 2: U6D1: Logic Gate Challenge Objective 3: U6D1: Logic Gate Challenge |

- 2. draw simple logic schematics with Scheme-it.
 - o correlation: HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, ABET-3, ABET-5, ABET-6
- 3. simplify Boolean algebra expressions.
 - o correlation: HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-4, ABET-3, ABET-5, ABET-6

Unit 7: What is a Computer?

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives |
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| ABET ABET-1 an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics. ABET-6 an ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions. | describe the functions that make up a modern computer including memory, storage, processing, and input/output devices. compare and contrast different types of memory and their advantage/disadvantages. explain the techniques used to perform high-speed addition in a modern CPU. |
| Lesson 1: How Does a Computer Compute? | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. identify hardware and software components of a computer. o correlation: ABET-1 | Assessments • Objective 1: U7A1: Hardware and Software |
| Lesson 2: Memory and Storage | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. describe different types of computer memory (DRAM, SRAM, registers, Flash, ROM, etc.). o correlation: ABET-1 2. compare performance and cost of different memory types. o correlation: ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U7A2: Types of Memory Objective 2: U7A2: Types of Memory |
| Lesson 3: The Brains of the Computer (CPU) | |

| Lesson Objectives 1. describe the flow of instructions and data through the CPU of a computer. o correlation: ABET-1 2. explain how and why computers can do arithmetic so quickly. o correlation: ABET-6 | Assessments Objective 1: U7A3: The CPU Flow Objective 2: U7A3: The CPU Flow |
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| Lesson 4: Simple Computer Programming | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. identify the primary constructs used in most high-level programming languages. o correlation: ABET-1 | Assessments • Objective 1: U7A4: Computer Programming |

Unit 8: What's Next?

| Idaho Standards | Unit Objectives |
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| Next Generation Science Standards HS-ETS1-1 Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for solutions. HS-ETS1-2 Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, manageable problems. HS-ETS1-3 Evaluate a solution to a complex real-world problem based on prioritized criteria and trade-offs. HS-ETS1-4 Use a computer simulation to model the impact of proposed solutions to a complex real-world problem with numerous criteria and constraints on interactions within and between systems relevant to the problem. | present the final Arduino project. identify future objectives and plans for education and career success. describe the hardware and software tools that engineers use. |
| ABET ABET-1 an ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics. ABET-2 an ability to apply engineering design to produce | |

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| solutions that meet specified needs with consideration of public health, safety, and welfare, as well as global, cultural, social, environmental, and economic factors. ABET-3 an ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences. ABET-5 an ability to function effectively on a team whose members together provide leadership, create a collaborative and inclusive environment, establish goals, plan tasks, and meet objectives. ABET-6 an ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions. ABET-7 an ability to acquire and apply new knowledge as needed, using appropriate learning strategies. | |
| Lesson 1: What It Means to Study Electrical and Computer Engineering | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. list education and career goals. o correlation: ABET-7 2. identify education paths for electrical and computer engineering. o correlation: ABET-7 3. describe computer science education opportunities. o correlation: ABET-7 | Assessments Objective 1: U8A1: My Perfect Job, Take Two Objective 2: U8A1: My Perfect Job, Take Two Objective 3: U8A1: My Perfect Job, Take Two |
| Lesson 2: Tools of Engineering and Computer Science | |
| Lesson Objectives 1. describe several pieces of lab equipment seen in a BSU ECE lab. o correlation: ABET-1 2. describe some of the software tools used by engineers and computer scientists in school and in the workforce. o correlation: ABET-1 | Assessments Objective 1: U8A2: Engineering and Computer Science Tools Objective 2: U8A2: Engineering and Computer Science Tools |
| Lesson 3: Presenting Your Arduino Project | |

Lesson Objectives

- 1. create a presentation describing your final Arduino project.
 - o correlation: HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-3, HS-ETS1-4, ABET-1, ABET-2, ABET-3, ABET-5, ABET-6, ABET-7
- 2. provide feedback for your fellow classmates' Arduino project presentations.
 - correlation: HS-ETS1-1, HS-ETS1-2, HS-ETS1-3, HS-ETS1-4, ABET-1, ABET-2, ABET-3, ABET-5, ABET-6, ABET-7

Assessments

- Objective 1: U8A3: Arduino Project Presentation, U8D1: Arduino Presentation Peer Celebrations
- Objective 2: U8D1: Arduino Presentation Peer Celebrations